Create an Action Plan

Creating an advocacy action plan helps define the specific actions that will lead you to your ultimate goal. An action plan is helpful in breaking a big task into smaller, actionable steps and identifying who will be responsible for each task. You can start by identifying a goal(s), the key players who will help you achieve that goal, and the message you will deliver to each of the key players. There are different ways you can develop an action plan. Below is one example of a plan that guides you to think about the actions you can take to achieve your desired outcome.



Inputs

Consider the resources you have available or that you will need. These may include an advocacy team, evidence about the value of financial education, and evidence of the need for financial education in your area.

Activities

Planned action steps you can take to influence policy, raise awareness, and get the community involved.

Outcome

The desired result of your actions. This may include partnerships and individuals mobilized to take on projects.

Policy Goals

What policy changes are you seeking? For example, are you hoping a policy maker will agree to promote a graduation requirement or the adoption of financial literacy standards in your district?

Impact

The end result of your action plan is that students leave high school with an adequate foundation of financial knowledge, ready to take on the many financial responsibilities facing them.



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Inputs	Activities	Outco	mes	Policy Goals
 Build the team Establish a team Identify a champion Find funding opportunities Plan Understand current status of financial education Identify key players in education Develop key messages 	 Policy Develop a policy proposal Build relationships with decision makers Outreach to the Community Conduct polls and surveys Build your network Get the media involved Circulate petitions 	 Advocate Attract new advocates Establish partnership with local nonprofits 	 Policy Increase awareness Establish a base of support Prioritize financial education as a policy issue 	 Get a bill introduced that requires financial education in high school Impact Improved youth financial literacy levels Improved financial habits of constituents
Influencing FactorsEconomic climate of the areaWhat other issues are in competition?	•	nts, students, other teachers unions, other advocacy grou		/ general, state

Tool: Advocacy Plan

Inputs	Activities	Outcomes		Policy Goals	
Build the team Plan	Policy Outreach to the Community	Advocate	Policy	Impact	
Influencing Factors	Stakeholders				





STEP 1 Desired impact and objectives of financial education

Desired impact and objective.



DID YOU SUCCEED?



STEP 2 Target Audience



STEP 6 Resources

What are the resources you have or need to get?



STEP 2 Measure

How will we measure how we are doing?

STEP 3 Message

What is the specific message you will deliver?

STEP 4 Messenger

Who will deliver the message?

STEP 5 Activities

What are the specific activities?

Funding

Do you need funding for these activities, how will you get them?

STEP 7 Challenges

What are potential challenges?

Resources:

- ➤ West Virginia's Department of Education created a sample School Action Plan that lays out strategies and activities for each goal.
- Vermont's Financial Literacy Action Plan may offer additional ideas on creating an action plan.
- > The American Library Association provides an advocacy action plan workbook that can be adapted for financial education.

Creating an Action Plan

In 2011, the Center for Financial Literacy at Champlain College held a financial literacy summit to discuss the state of financial literacy, K-12 financial education, and the policy environment in Vermont. Stakeholders participating in the summit included K-12 educators, school leaders, academics, and government officials. The Center developed a national report card that graded each state's efforts to improve financial literacy in high school. They gave their state of Vermont a "D."

On learning how poorly it was doing, Vermont established a task force, launched in 2014 by Champlain College's Center for Financial Literacy, to develop a strategy to improve financial education efforts. In 2015, the Vermont Financial Literacy Commission was created. The commission collected testimony to understand the current state of financial education and demonstrate the need for programs. The commission produced a report of their findings and recommendations in 2017 and 2018. Through a Financial Literacy Working Group, Vermont will continue to evaluate how financial education is delivered. This success story shows the value in doing assessments that serve as a baseline against which to measure efforts to improve financial education.